

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

EXPANDA FOAM GP Revision Number 1.01

Revision date 08-Aug-2024 Supersedes date 16-Jun-2021

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name EXPANDA FOAM GP

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Sealant

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Bostik New Zealand Limited 19 Eastern Hutt Road Wingate, Lower Hutt, New Zealand

Tel: 04-567 5119 Fax: 04-567 5412

E-mail address SDS.AP@Bostik.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 24 Hr: 0800 243 622

International +64 4 917 9888 Poison Centre: 0800 764 766

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Aerosols	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Effects on or via lactation	Yes
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

Label elements

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Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Avoid release to the environment

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Do not pierce or burn, even after use

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

Wear protective gloves

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Spill

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

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Other hazards which do not result in classification

During transportation by car the cans should stand upright in the cargo space. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, the formation of a explosive/highly flammable mixture is possible. The mentioned hazards are valid for the non-reacted content of the can or of the fresh foam. When foaming the propellants are highly flammable.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	40 - <80
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	85535-85-9	10 - <20
rinarios, et i ir, omere	00000 00 0	10 120

Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. If breathing has stopped,

give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with

skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see

a physician. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Do not use solvents or thinners to dissolve the material.

Ingestion May produce an allergic reaction. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the

material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as

required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Coughing and/

or wheezing. Itching. Rashes. Hives. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Burning sensation. Difficulty in breathing.

Effects of Exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians May cause sensitization in susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

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Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam. Suitable Extinguishing Media

Large Fire CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Full water jet. DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE

STOPPED.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause sensitization by inhalation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen

oxides (NOx). Hydrogen cyanide. Isocyanates.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

precautions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

> section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take

precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or **Environmental precautions**

spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce

> vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert Methods for cleaning up

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

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Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. In case of rupture. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, dry area away from potential sources of heat, open flames, sunlight or other chemicals. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep/store only in original container. Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Water. Alcohols. Amines. Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom	Australia
Diphenylmethane-diisoc	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³	-	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³
yanate, isomers and	STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³		STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ SEN;	STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³
homologues	-		as -NCO	-
9016-87-9				

limits

Biological occupational exposure This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

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Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Tight sealing safety goggles. Safety glasses with side shields are recommended for Eve/face protection

medical or industrial exposures.

Hand protection Impervious gloves. Wear suitable gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron.

Antistatic boots.

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

Not applicable, Aerosol

None known

None known

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid **Appearance** Aerosol Beige Color

Characteristic. Odor

Odor threshold No information available

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available Not applicable Insoluble in water pН

Melting point / freezing point No data available None known

Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable, Aerosol No data Not applicable, Aerosol

available range

Flash point Not applicable, Aerosol No data

available

Evaporation rate No data available None known **Flammability** No data available None known

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive 16

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 3

limits

Vapor pressure No data available None known Relative vapor density No data available None known Relative density No data available None known Water solubility Reacts with water None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known No data available Partition coefficient None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known None known

Decomposition temperature

Kinematic viscosity No data available **Dynamic viscosity** No data available

No information available. **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** No information available.

Other information

No information available Softening point Molecular weight No information available **VOC** content No information available

Density 0.951

Bulk density No information available

Particle characteristics

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Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Product cures with moisture. Heat, flames and sparks. Excessive heat. Protect from

moisture. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Extremes

of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Water. Alcohols. Amines.

Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Formaldehyde. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or

fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause sensitization in susceptible persons. (based on components). May cause irritation of

respiratory tract. Harmful by inhalation.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye

irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.

Skin contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Repeated or prolonged

skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. (based on components). May cause sensitization by skin contact. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause additional

affects as listed under "Inhalation". Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Symptoms Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing,

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tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain, or flushing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Itching. Rashes. Hives. Redness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Acute toxicity Harmful by inhalation.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) >5000 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) >5000 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas) >20000 ppm
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) >20 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 2.40 mg/l

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate,	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg (Rattus)	LD 50 > 9400 mg/kg	1.5 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
isomers and homologues		(Oryctolagus cuniculus)	
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	>4000 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rattus)	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationClassification based on data available for ingredients. Causes skin irritation.

Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues (9016-87-9)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 404:	Rabbit				Mild skin irritant
Acute Dermal					
Irritation/Corrosion					

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an

allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for

ingredients. Suspected of causing cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and	-	Group 3
homologues - 9016-87-9		

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues (9016-87-9)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 453: Combined Chronic	Rat	Carcinogenic
Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies		

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Reproductive toxicity Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available

for ingredients. May cause harm to breast-fed children.

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Narcotic effects No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	ErC50 (72h) >1640 mg/L Algae (scenedesmus subspicatus) (OECD 201)	CL50 (96h) >1000 mg/L Danio rerio	EC50 (24H) >1000 mg/L Daphnia magna
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	-	LC50: >500mg/L (48h, Leuciscus idus)	EC50 (48h) = 0.007 mg/l (Daphnia magna) OECD 202

Terrestrial ecotoxicityThere is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	7

Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Disposal methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste. Flammable substances - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility.

They may only be burnt in certain situations.

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Flammable gases, liquids and solids may only be discharged into the environment or landfill as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with any explosives, oxidising gases, liquids or solids or organic peroxides; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation. Substances which are hazardous to human health or corrosive to metals - may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances. Environmentally hazardous substances - if the substance, or if it contains a component that is hazardous to the aquatic environment or bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable, then any component that is bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable must be removed. The product may only be discharged into the environment if an environmental exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of the substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the environmental exposure limit.

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if:

- the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance;
- or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Section 14: Transport information

<u>IATA</u>

UN number or ID number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

Special Provisions A145, A167, A802

Description UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

<u>IMDG</u>

UN number or ID number
UN proper shipping name
Transport hazard class(es)
EmS-No.
UN1950
Aerosols
2.1
F-D, S-U

Special Provisions 63,190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

Marine pollutant P

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, Marine pollutant

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

ADR

UN number or ID number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es) 2
Labels 2.2

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2, (E), Environmentally Hazardous

Environmental hazards Yes

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Limited quantity (LQ)

327, 625, 344, 190 **Special Provisions**

Classification code 5A **Tunnel restriction code** (E)

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

code or group standard

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval HSR002517 - Aerosols (Flammable, Carcinogenic)

National regulations There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits

according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license

requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please

check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017

for more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Europe

Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACh) Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

This product contains one or more candidate substance(s) of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59) >=0.1%

Chemical name	SVHC candidates
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	X
85535-85-9	

Section 16: Other information

Prepared By Product Stewardship and Regulatory Affairs

08-Aug-2024 **Revision date Revision Note**

***Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances

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vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value Sk* Skin designation

** Hazard Designation + Sensitizers

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaime

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

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